No. of pages:02 V. P. & R. P. T. P. SCIENCE COLLEGE, V.V. NAGAR B. Sc. Semester-V **INTERNAL TEST: OCTOBER-2013** Friday, 4th October-2013 Time: 3.30 pm to 5.00 pm Sub.:- Inorganic Chemistry, Course No.-US05CCHE04 Maximum Marks:30 **Note:** (i) All questions are to be attempted. (ii) Figures to the right of each question indicate full marks. **O**: 1 Give the most correct choice to the following multiple choice questions. [6] (1) is not conjugate base of any oxy acid of phosphorus. (b) HPO_4^{2-} $(c) H_2 PO_2^{-1}$ (a) H_2PO_4 (d) H₂PO₃⁻ (2) Point out the incorrect statement among the following. (a) Temporary hardness is due to bicarbonates of Ca and Mg. (b) Hardness of water affects soap consumption. (c) Permanent hardness can be removed by boiling water.

(d) Permanent hardness is due to the soluble Cl^{-} and NO_{3}^{-} .

(3) Strong acid like HNO₃ and H₂SO₄ can accept proton from _____ non aqueous solvent.

(a) NH_3 (b) SO_2 (c) HF (d) CH_3COOH

(4) The number and type of bonds between two carbon atoms in CaC_2 are...

(a) one σ -bond and one π -bond (b) one σ -bond and two π -bonds

(c) one σ -bond and half π -bond (d) only one σ -bond

(5) The general composition of glass is _____

- (a) Na₂SiO₃
 (b) K₂SiO₃
 (c) CaSiO₃
 (d) Na₂O.CaO.6SiO₂
 (6) _______ is a process of giving shapes to clay wares from clayey liquid.
 (a) Slit casting
 (b) Jollying
 (c) Kneading
 (d) Pressing

Q:2 Answers the following short questions (any three).

- (1) Discuss the structure of acetylide ion (C_2^{2-}) .
- (2) What is a pyrex glass?
- (3) Write the basic raw material used for making ceramics.
- (4) Explain the following acid-base reaction:

 $Fe(CN)_2 + 4 \text{ KCN} \rightarrow K_4[Fe(CN)_6]$

[6]

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(5) Give the merits of using liq. NH_3 as non aqueous solvent.	
(6) Define: (i) Degree of hardness of water (ii) Strength of H_2O_2 solution	l.
Q:3 [A] Discuss the classification of Lewis acids.	[3]
[B] Discuss liq. SO_2 as a aqueous solvent under headings:	[3]
(i) Red ox reactions (ii) Metathetical reactions	
(iii) Neutralization reactions	
OR	
Q:3 [A] Write note on Pearson's SHAB Principle.	[3]
[B] Explain the term 'Solvation reaction' and 'Solvolysis reacrtion'	[3]
with giving suitable examples.	
Q:4 [A] Give the preparation, properties and structure of silicon carbide.	[3]
[B] Justify the structure of hydrogen peroxide.	[3]
OR	
Q:4 [A] Write note on metallic carbides.	[3]
[B] 80.0 ml of 0.08 N KMnO ₄ solutions is reduced in presence of acid by	[3]
5.0 g of sample of H_2O_2 . What weight of this sample of H_2O_2 will	
required to oxidize 100 ml of decinormal solution of FeSO ₄ ?	
Q:5 [A] Write the important properties of high silica glass and optical glass.	[3]
[B] Write a note on application of color to pottery.	[3]
OR Science	
Q:5[A] Discuss the general properties of ceramics.	[3]
[B] Explain in detail about recuperative pot furnace.	[3]

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